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Front Edit

Date:

Cuban Exile Chief

Has U.S. Suppo

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By Larry Levy

for exiled Cubans may be able to draw U.S. support.

In the past he has served in some unnamed capacity in the Pentagon and as head of Cubans serving as officers in the U.S. armed force, while he was only a second lieutenant at Fort Sill.

But, Erneido Olivia, who was named to head military operations for the newlyformed exile "war board" may have hurt his cause during the past month.

Oliva, 31, was one of four Cubans who provided background for a book that



Erneido Oliva

charges that Central Intelli gence Agency agents train ing men for the Bay of Pigs invasion of April, 1961, or dered them to go ahead with the invasion despite has minute orders from the late President Kennedy.

CIA agents, the book said. told the Cubans to take the agents prisoners and ahead even if cancellation orders came through.

in late February or early sed the government would March after submitting his pelp them find jobs. resignation from the army as a commissioned officer.

At the time, he was serving at Fort Sill as a second Cuban officers were held in-lieutenant. In announcing his communicado from news-"war board" post Friday, United Press International said his rank was captain.

While a U. S. Army second lieutenant, Oliva also served as commander of 210 exile Cubans holding commissions. in all branches of the U.S. armed forces. In this capacity he had direct communica- tions with Washington officials outside of normal mili-one military school to anothtary channels.

The Cuban calle officers at ities in preparation to lead ranks in the U.S. thinned a Cuban exile army against down from a high of 210 to Castro. about 172 in February when most submitted their resignations because, the Cubans cers, Oliva said he hoped to said, the administration had return to a liberated Cuba reneged on a promise to supplied the said receive the Bay of Pigs reneged on a promise to sup, and receive the Bay of Pigs port a fight to free Cuba, bi gade flag, entrusted to

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Since the resignations, stempo of anti-Castro miliinry activities seems to have gone up. The choice of Oliva: to head the board's military operations may be an indication of U.S. support.

When the Cubans offered their verbal resignations, the Pentagon attempted to soothe their feelings by nearsecret meetings between the Cubans and Joseph A. Cali-i fano jr., general consul for the army serving as a defense department representative to the Cubans.

Seven Cuban officers at Fort Sill were taken to Shep-F pard Air Force Base, Wichita Falls, Texas, to meets with Califano, who tried to alk them into staying in the service. If they still wanted Oliva went to the Fentagon o resign they were prom-

> While the resignations President Kennedy, vere being negotiated the Mrs. Kennedy.

Immediately afterwards! he army said Oliva was giv-1 n a job in the Pentagon. He ad submitted his resigna-

The Cubans came to Fort III after receiving training t other U.S. military instaltions. Presumably the Cuans were transferred from so they would receive aining in all combat speci-

After the invaders were ransomed from Castro - Oliva's ransom was \$500,000 -Kennedy told the survivors in Miami, "I can assure you this flag will be returned to this brigade in a free Havana.''

This is the promise the Cuban officers feel the present; administration has refused; to honor.

Before fleeing Cuba, Oliva had been an army officer before and after Castro took! over. Under Castro he was: designated general inspector for agrarian reform.

Ten days after arriving in! Miami, he was in Guatemala training for the Bay of Pigs invasion, Oliva told newsmen last January at Forti